

The Hartford Republican.

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No. 32.

BODY FOUND IN WELL.

Ghastly Discovery at Beaver Dam Creates Sensation.

Infant Child Had Evidently Been Strangled to Death.

Quite a sensation was caused Sunday by the finding of a body of an infant in an old well at Beaver Dam. The recent rains caused the water in the well to rise nearly to the top. Children playing about the well discovered a bundle of clothing floating on top of the water.

The bundle was taken out and unrolled. The body of a male child was found. Around its neck was tightly tied a cloth. The body gave the appearance of having been in the water for about two months. The well is situated in front of an old railroad hotel at Beaver Dam. The verdict of the coroner's jury at the inquest conducted by Judge J. B. Wilson, County Attorney pro-tem was to the effect that the infant came to its death by unknown hands.

Much indignation has been aroused over the finding of the body, and the matter is being investigated. Certain parties are suspected and an arrest is likely to take place in a few days. About two years ago a similar case came to light in this county.

HECK COMES BACK.

Ugly Charges Were Made Against Him After He Left Home.

Rockport Ky., Feb. 24.—John Heck who has been gone from here for four months, returned last Friday. When Heck left there were accusations of forgery against him, it being charged that he had passed forged notes and checks amounting to \$1,000. After he left he wrote from Canada saying that he was beyond the reach of the law and would never return. He stated on his arrival here that he had come back to face the music and would take his wife and children away. It is believed that he has made good with the parties whom he has alleged to have injured, and that he will not be molested.

Rev. Maddox Dead.

Last Sunday, February 21st, at his home near Rockport, Rev. D. J. K. Maddox died in the sixty-eighth year of his age. In early life he wedded Sallie A. Tichenor, who answered death's call only a few years ago.

On the 27th day of last November he was married to Mrs. Lou Tichenor, who, with eleven children and a host of friends, mourn his death.

Rev. Maddox had seen forty-five years of active service in the ministry during which time he preached for many of the Baptist congregations in this and adjoining counties. He was chosen Moderator of the Gasper River Association a number of times and served in that capacity for several years.

It may be said that a truly good and much adored individual has entered into the rest to the faithful of God.

News is Expensive.

News from the seat of the Russo-Japanese war is being cabled and telegraphed to Chicago at a rate of from 28¢ to 50¢ cents a word. The former rate obtains from points in China especially Chee Foo, where much of the direct news originates. The higher rate is from Japan.

Press messages from these points are scheduled to pass over the recently constructed Commercial Cables, via Manila, Hawaii and San Francisco, and must travel 12,608 miles before they reach their destination. A cablegram from Japan containing 1,000 words, less than a newspaper column, costs \$505.00.

For Sale or Trade.

A fine Jack, coal black. For further particulars call on or address, A. B. TICHENOR, Metanzas, Ky.

FORCED TO FALSE-SWEAR

Sensation Sprung in the Cynthiana Court House.

Witness of Jett-White Trial Says Fear Made Him Lie.

Cynthiana, Ky., Feb. 23.—A sensation occurred at the court house this afternoon when A. C. Adams pleaded guilty to the charge of perjury and was given the minimum sentence of one year in the penitentiary.

Adams was one of the principle witnesses in the trial here last September of Curtis Jett and Thomas White, who were convicted of the killing of J. B. Marcum and James Cockrill at Jackson, Ky. Adams was allowed to address the jury. While weeping he said he perjured himself on account of the fear of being killed afterwards in Breathitt county if he testified to what he knew.

He said George Bowling came to him and said Curt Jett had killed Marcum for Callahan and Hargis, and that he would have to testify for him. He said he refused, and Sheriff E. C. Callahan came to him again with a letter from B. F. French, who was attorney for Jett and White in their case, and told him if he did not testify that he would go like Marcum did. He said French told him that he (Adams) knew about the French-Eversole feud in Perry county and that he (French) was a "man-eater." Adams said the suit of clothes he had on came from Hargis' store, and that French had promised him \$50 more; but said: "Bribe or no bribe, you will have to testify for us."

Adams also said that while he was in Cynthiana, Callahan came to him and told him that if he tried to run away he and his family would be killed. He then asked the jury to have mercy on him for his family's sake. He said his character was above reproach before he got into the hands of the band of assassins which ruled Breathitt county, but that he was willing to go to the penitentiary and pay the penalty for his wrong-doing, but pleaded for a light sentence.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

All persons having Agricultural or Horticultural products to be placed on exhibition at the World's Fair, at St. Louis, will please deliver same to me or at the store of Carson & Co., so they can be shipped to Louisville by the 1st of March, and reach Louisville by the 10th of March, so there will be no congestion in shipping from Louisville to St. Louis. Please deliver at once. There will be no cost on your part in shipping after delivering to Hartford.

JAS. F. CARSON,
Chairman of Board for Ohio county.

More Trouble at Rockport.

Jim Phipps, of color, shot and probably seriously wounded Mary Maddox also of color at Rockport Tuesday evening. The Maddox woman had been living in the same house with Phipps and his wife, but some disagreement had arisen and he had arranged to move away and was carrying his household goods out of the house which he did not do fast enough for the woman and she began to throw out the plunder. Phipps says that in order to stop the injury to his goods he drew his revolver and shot, intending only to scare the woman, but the ball took effect in her hip, near her abdomen. Phipps was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Clarence Keown and lodged in jail Wednesday.

The following persons are among those who have paid their subscription to THE REPUBLICAN since our last issue: J. B. Hurt, McHenry; H. B. Taylor, Prentiss; W. F. Stevens, No Creek; J. T. Davis, Cromwell; E. L. Bullington, Hartford; J. D. Taylor, Beaver Dam; A. H. Davis, Linton, Ind.; Miss Nettie Hunter, Linton, Ind.; Ernest Brown, Echols.

CANAL TREATY IS RATIFIED

Passed United States Senate After Debates by a Vote of 66 to 14.

Senator Blackburn Casts His Vote Against Treaty and McCleary Votes For it.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The United States Senate to-day ratified, without amendment, the treaty with Panama for a canal across the Isthmus of Panama by a vote of 66 to 14. The result was a foregone conclusion, the interest in the matter being only in the division of the vote on the Democratic side, which was not known definitely until the roll was called, all the Republicans being for ratification.

Fourteen Democrats voted for ratification and fourteen against. Two Democrats, Clark of Montana, and Stone, of Missouri, and three Democrats, Overman, McLaurin and Martin were paired against it so in the total vote sixteen Democrats were for the treaty and seventeen against it.

Senators generally commend the management of the treaty by Senator Cullom, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, who has had charge of the measure during both the plain and stormy sailing. The vote was taken much earlier than was anticipated at first.

The debate in executive session was generally on the merits of the treaty with reference to secret papers which were sent to the Senate by the President. Senator Morgan made a set speech, which occupied the greater part of the time. Senator Culbertson made comments on the secret correspondence, and asserted that it showed that the "reasonable time" referred to in the Spooner act was known to have expired, both for negotiating the Hay-Herran treaty and its ratification.

Senator Culbertson read from a letter addressed to Dr. Albert Shaw by the President, dated October 10, 1903, in which the President said he saw no hope for any negotiation with Columbia, and that he would be delighted should a revolution occur on the Isthmus.

Everything is ready for the speedy consummation of the treaty and both the War and State Departments have made preparation for the next step—the former by the dispatch of troops to the isthmus, and the latter by the completion of arrangements for the exchange of ratifications of the treaty which must take place in Washington. There is no reason why this ceremony should not occur within the next forty-eight hours.

M. Bunau-Varilla, the minister from Panama, was at the State Department to-day in relation to this matter, and very soon after he has made the exchange of treaties will lay down his mission, according to notice he has already given. His successor as minister here will be Pablo Arosemena, the present head of the Constitutional convention and father of the secretary of the Panama Legation here. M. Arosemena is described as a lawyer of ability and a man of means.

The Administration intends to press the canal project by all proper methods. As a Cabinet officer expressed it, the next step, after the appointment of the commission, will be "to scratch dirt," and already such members of the commission as are assured of their places, like Admiral Walker and Major Gen. Davis, have been giving some attention to the provision of the clerical force and the engagement of engineering talent to conduct the actual work of canal digging.

Esq. H. B. Taylor, Prentiss, made us quite a pleasant call while in town Tuesday. He remembered us in a way that always makes us smile, and incidentally said that THE REPUBLICAN in its present form and management was just to his liking and up-to-date.

EXODUS OF NEGROES.

Many are Leaving Christian County to Work in Cotton Fields.

Collapse of Tobacco Business Reduces Them to Want and Crime at Home.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 25.—The negroes of Christian county are enduring such hardships on account of the collapse of the tobacco business that many of them are leaving the county. A large number have during recent months left to work in mines, on railroads or as teamsters in the larger cities.

Some last year went to Honolulu to engage in growing sugar cane.

Last week a party of twenty-three went to Ita Bena, Miss., to work on a big cotton plantation. Mr. Riley Ely, formerly of this city is interested with his brother-in-law in the management of a tract of 7,000 acres of rich river bottom land in Mississippi upon which the finest grades of cotton are grown. Their tenants during the last two or three years have made so much money raising cotton that many families who could not afford to buy the high priced lands in Mississippi have crossed over to Arkansas and bought homes for themselves. Several families cleared \$1,000 each last year. The prosperity of these tenants has left vacancies to be filled and Mr. Ely has employed Mr. Gato Henrri to secure about 100 colored tenants for his plantations and Mr. Henry will go to Ita Bena to manage the plantations for him.

The first installment of several families went last week and found good houses waiting for them and supplies advanced.

Cotton has been selling as high as 18 cents a pound and it is no more trouble to raise than corn, it has sent a wave of prosperity over the South, while the bottom has dropped out of tobacco growing interests of Kentucky, through the operations of the trusts that control the entire supply. Nearly all the crop of 1903 is still unsold and the prices offered are below the cost of production.

Land owners of course suffer, but the colored tenants are reduced to a condition of destitution and in many cases to crime to prevent starvation.

Y. M. C. A.'s Return.

The following of Hartford's young men were in attendance of the State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association at Bowling Green last week.

Ivy Dodson, Roy Miller, Otto Martin, D. W. Williams, Felix Lake, Clarence Russell, Raymer Tinsley, J. W. Marks, Oscar Stewart, C. P. Nowlin, Chester Keown, Cecil Stevens, John W. Taylor, Odie Allen, Charlie Wilson, Malcolm Pirtle, Henry Pirtle, Burr Morton, Douglas Felix, Gossie Williams, Frank Foreman, Ben Patterson and Ney Foster.

HFBERT, KY.

Mr. Arthur Milligan, of Madisonville, is visiting relatives at this place.

Messrs. J. W. Ford, Herbert Haynes and Arthur Ford are confined to their rooms with measles.

Mr. George Milligan and wife and Miss Mattie Milligan visited relatives at Ensor Sunday.

Mr. Ben Glivens went to Owensboro Monday.

Mr. Wave Bartlett and family moved from this place to near Whitesville Monday.

Mr. James Skinner died at his home near Patesville, Monday, of consumption. He leaves a wife and five children. His remains were brought to this place and buried in the Panther creek cemetery.

Mr. John Brandon and family visited at J. H. Miller's Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Lyons spent Sunday at Wm. Holland's, near Whitesville.

DEMOCRACY

As Interpreted by Ex-President Grover Cleveland.

Mr. Cleveland now takes a stand for tariff reform, economy in the expenditure of public money, loyalty to principle, a change of administration in the Philippines, (and I suppose in the United States,) and a condemnation of Mr. Roosevelt for his Panama treaty.

The wind-jammers of the Democratic party have consumed tons of air in the treatment of these phantoms in the past. There is an old story that ought to be familiar to most people about a father who had two sons, and a certain piece of work he wanted done. He said to one of his sons: "Son, go and perform that work," and the son said: "I go," but he went not; and the father said to the other son: "Son, go and do that work," and the son swore and said: "I will not," but he went and did the work. We find a parallel in the Democratic party. That party says: "Give us control of National affairs and we will give you tariff reform." The power is given them and they answer with that compromise of hybrid affair, known as the "Wilson Bill." It reforms a little here and a little there, and none to speak of anywhere.

The Democratic party was in power two terms. Where was the tariff reform? Where the economy of public money? Who defends the foreign policy of Mr. Cleveland? Who can point with any degree of pride to those administrations?

The mere reference to those administrations gives Mr. Watterson "con-ception" fits.

The people have been treated on the Democratic sweet wind cure till they have about lost faith in it. They must have something a little more substantial.

They have heard to these many days that the Republican party is a "commercial party," a "party of trusts and combines." They say the Republican party is "a party of trust-breeders and trust-baiters."

But if my memory serves me right, the Sherman anti-trust law was enacted during Cleveland's last administration and in due time for him to have applied it, but he did not do it.

Mr. Roosevelt believed that law was intended to be enforced and accordingly he tried its virtue on the Northern Society Company and with what effect the reading public know. And because of his firm stand against bad trust he has incurred the enmity of Wall Street. And the calamity-howlers cite that fact as proof that he is not safe as a leader. If Wall Street is for the nominee the howlers say: "Behold, a man of monopoly and trusts," and if Wall Street is against him, they say: "Behold, a man unsafe!" Ye hypocrites!

You have denounced and fused with everything you have thought would give you a lease of power. You denounced Populism and then seized on its wildest vagary, "16 to 1 or bust," and proclaimed it from every cross-road, as the only means on the face of the earth whereby all the imaginary financial ills, present or to come, might be eradicated or averted. Your "peerless leader," Mr. Bryan, helped more than any other one man to shape the Philippine policy, and then jumped on it with both feet, as it were, before the ink was fairly dry that recorded it.

When President Roosevelt, a year ago, intervened in the Anthracite strike and appointed a board of arbitrators to adjust the differences between the operators and the miners, your press teemed with slurs and jeers. They rung all the changes on the word, "unofficially." They would have made that arbitration a failure if they could have done it. They thought they saw some political advantage that might accrue to Mr. Roosevelt, if the arbitration succeeded.

Your press urged and importuned the President to take action on the

CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

The Remarkable Experience of a Prominent Statesman—Congressman Meekison Gives Personal Endorsement.



Congressman Meekison of Ohio.

Hon. David Meekison is well known not only in his own State, but throughout America. He was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State. Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman. Catarrh with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue. He writes:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison, Member of Congress.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Isthmian Canal and when in his own good and opportune time he acted, they made the welkin ring with imprecations. They could see in his recognition of the Panama Republic an unpardonable violation of some cherished principle of Democratic ethics.

Think about those principles of Democratic political ethics for a moment, kind reader. How it made them to say they would enact a law "that would leave nothing to chance," also, "if there is any stealing done the Republicans shall not do it."

Have you ever read Mr. Watterson's editorial on Democratic ethics? How it, some how, at the dead hour of midnight, will lay hold of a defenseless, unsuspecting and unsuspected Democrat an roll him about on a sleepless pillow for hours and when the enchanted spell leaves him he may not know what it was nor how he came by it.

According to the great editor, Republicans are immune from such attacks.

CITY MARSHAL A MURDER

Found Guilty of Murder and Sentenced to 21 Years in the Penitentiary.

Madisonville, Ky., Feb. 24.—After a trial lasting two weeks, the case of the Commonwealth vs. J. B. Lindle, charged with the murder of Jesse Barton, on the fourth of last July at Earlinton, was brought to a close Monday, the jury rendering a verdict of guilty, and placed the punishment at twenty-one years in the penitentiary.

Lindle was city Marshal of the town of Earlinton and was attempting to arrest Burton for some trivial offense. Barton started to run away, he was fired upon by Lindle and killed instantly. His trial resulted in the establishment of his guilt of murder and punishment as above mentioned.

Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.